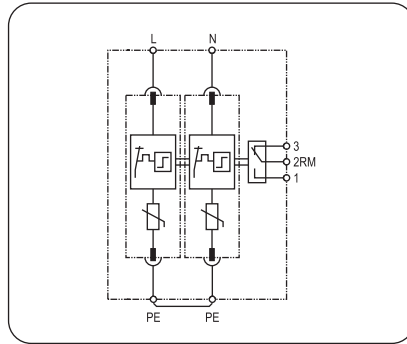


## BT PCM 150 RM/2P

Basic circuit diagram:



### • Technical data

Type		BT PCM 150 RM/2P
Art.-No.		810 844
Rated voltage (max. continuous voltage)	$U_c$	150V~
Nominal discharge current (8/20)	$I_n$	20kA
Max. discharge current (8/20)	$I_{max}$	40kA
Voltage protection level at $I_n$	$U_p$	$\leq 0.7kV$
Voltage protection level at 5kA	$U_p$	$\leq 0.55kV$
Response time	$t_A$	$\leq 25ns$
Max. back up fuse		125A gL/gG
Operating temperature range	$T_u$	$-40^{\circ}C...+80^{\circ}C$
Cross-sectional area		1.5mm <sup>2</sup> ~ 25mm <sup>2</sup> solid / 35mm <sup>2</sup> flexible
Mounting on		35mm DIN rail
Enclosure material		Purple (module) & light grey (base) thermoplastic, UL94-V0
Dimension		2 mods
Test standards		IEC 61643-1; GB 18802.1; YD/T 1235.1
Certification		CE(LVD,EMC)
Type of remote signalling contact		Switching contact
Switching capacity	$U_n/I_n$	AC:250V/0.5A;DC:250V/0.1A;150V/0.2A;750V/0.5A
Cross-sectional area for remote signalling contact		Max. 1.5mm <sup>2</sup> solid / flexible

### • Product introduction

#### 1. Summary

BT PCM 150 RM/2P is for installation at LPZ 0<sub>s</sub>-1 or higher, protecting low voltage equipment from surge. Applied in modular SPD Class II (Class C) for TN power supply system. Designed according to IEC 61643-1; GB 18802.1; YD/T 1235.1 .

#### 3. Application

BT PCM 150 RM/2P is used in TN system, protecting devices or equipment downstream.

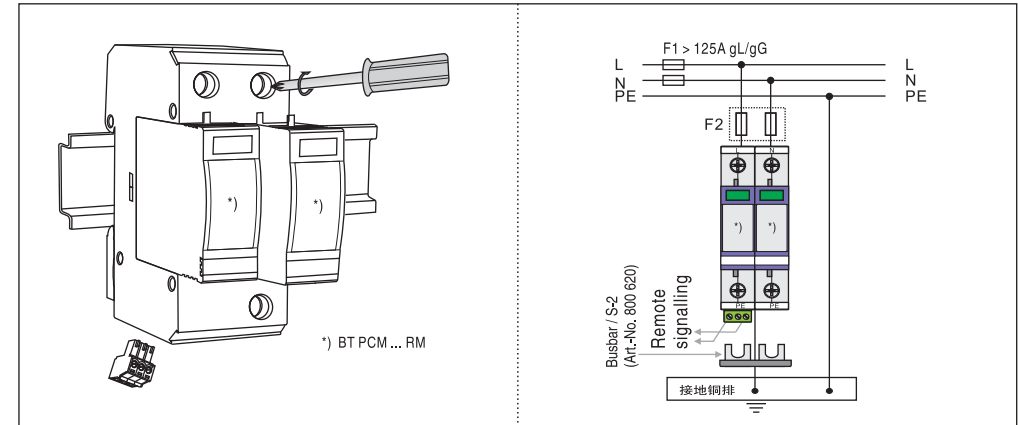
### • Installation instruction

According to lightning protection zones concept, for installation at LPZ 0<sub>s</sub>-1 or higher. This surge protective device is usually installed in distribution-box or feeder bus of UPS, protecting devices or equipment downstream.

Fuse must be installed at the upstream of the SPD or the lightning arrester to make sure that the protected system has double protection. The value of the the fuse used in a SPD system should be conformed to:

1. The value of FUSE should not be larger than the max. withstand capacity of the SPD's backup fuse value.
2. Under the status of the max. current in the power supply & close loop circuit available current, the fuse should be able to disconnect when overloaded or short-circuited.
3. Take 1 & 2 into consideration, the fuse should be as large as possible to allow the maximum surge discharge of SPD.

Installation diagram:



### 2. Main character

- Modular SPD for single-phase TN system
- Pluggable module, easy for installation and maintenance
- High discharge capacity, quick response
- Double thermal disconnecter devices, providing more reliable protection
- Multifunctional terminal for connecting conductors and busbars
- Green window will change when fault and also provide remote alarm control at the same time

### 4. Application environment

- Temperature:  $-40^{\circ}C \sim +80^{\circ}C$
- Relative humidity:  $\leq 95\%$  ( $25^{\circ}C$ )

### • Installation steps

1. Check the product for integrity of the package; make sure the product window indicates green.
2. Mount the SPD on the 35mm DIN rail.
3. Connect conductors, the cross-sectional area of cable must be larger than 6mm<sup>2</sup>. The withstand voltage value of cable is not smaller than AC500V; ensure wiring reliable.
4. If need remote alarm, it should be connected signal lines to remote signal terminal 1 and 3, or 2 and 3 (When normal, 1 and 3 open, 2 and 3 close; when fault, the state is reversed).
5. After above, switch on the power supply and turn on the circuit breaker, if the SPD's window indicates green, this indicates the unit is operating normally.

**Regularly inspect the operating status, especially after lightning. Once the fuse upstream break, or the SPD's window indicates red, electrician should check/replace the SPD.**



#### WARNING:

1. The device must be installed by electrically skilled person, conforming to national standards and safety regulations.
2. It is recommended that installation should be done under power off condition.